



Email: info@vaccinechoicecanada.com
Mail: P.O. Box 169, Winlaw, BC, V0G 2J0
Web site: www.vaccinechoicecanada.com

May 30, 2017

To the Attention of: Michael Kissinger
mkissinger@vancourier.com

Re: Concerns About Editorial Content

Dear Mr. Kissinger

I am writing in response to the Vancouver Courier article – **'Suffer the Children: The Anti-Vaxx Stigma'** by Martha Perkins (May 28, 2017)
(<http://www.vancourier.com/news/suffer-the-children-the-anti-vaxxing-stigma-1.20241213>)

Ms. Perkins quotes UBC sociology professor Dr. Richard Carpiano. Unfortunately, Dr. Carpiano is uninformed about the current state of vaccine research and makes a number of statements that are incorrect and require retraction and correction.

False Statements About Dr. Wakefield

Dr. Carpaino makes the statement – *“scientists have debunked the only study that said there was a link between vaccinations and autism”*. I assume Dr. Carpaino is referring to the so-called “Wakefield study” that was published in the Lancet in 1998.

It is clear that Dr. Carpiano has never read Dr. Wakefield’s Lancet paper and instead is simply regurgitating false statements promulgated by a captured and compliant media. If Dr. Carpiano had actually read the Lancet paper he would have discovered that Dr. Wakefield never claimed the MMR vaccine causes autism, nor was this the intention of the study. Ms. Perkins has not done her research on this matter and fact-checked statements.

The Lancet study examined the relationship between bowel disease and regressive developmental disorders. The findings of Dr. Wakefield and 12 other researchers in the Lancet paper have never been “debunked”. Their findings have been replicated by dozens of laboratories around the world and this relationship is now accepted medical science. http://pediatrics.aappublications.org/content/130/Supplement_2/S160

Dr. Wakefield's own statement in the Lancet paper is: *"We did not prove an association between measles, mumps, and rubella vaccine and the syndrome described."* Dr. Wakefield concluded that: *"Further investigations are needed to examine this syndrome and its possible relation to this vaccine."*

Vaccine – Autism Link

Dr. Carpiano seems unaware of the substantial and growing body of evidence of a vaccine – autism link. To state that there is *"only one study that identified a link between vaccines and autism"* is to be either grossly ignorant of the body of scientific research into the vaccine-autism link, or Dr. Carpiano is being intentionally dishonest.

The body of evidence of a vaccine – autism link includes the following:

- A report in the Pace Environmental Law Review Journal reviewed 83 cases of vaccine-induced brain injury that resulted in an autism diagnosis, which were compensated by the U.S. Federal Vaccine Injury Compensation system <http://digitalcommons.pace.edu/pelr/vol28/iss2/6>
- There are now more than **128 independent studies** that show a relationship between vaccines and autism. <https://www.scribd.com/doc/220807175/128-Research-Papers-Supporting-the-Vaccine-Autism-Link>
- Dr. William Thompson, a Senior Scientist with the Vaccine Safety Division of the CDC and the lead statistician and co-author of the 2004 CDC study that is used by vaccine proponents to deny a link between the MMR vaccine and autism took whistleblower status in 2014 to reveal CDC scientists colluded to commit scientific fraud in order to obscure the link between the MMR vaccine and autism.

Dr. Thompson claims the federal agency ordered him and his colleagues to destroy study findings that confirmed a link between the MMR vaccine and autism. Representative Bill Posey read Dr. Thompson's statement into the Congressional record.

<https://www.c-span.org/video/?c4546421/rep-bill-posey-calling-investigation-cdcs-mmr-reasearch-fraud>

This alarming disclosure is the basis of the 2016 documentary Vaxxed: From Cover-Up to Catastrophe. The media, to its discredit, has actively tried to censor this film, refused to inform the public of this significant disclosure, and has failed to advocate for a full investigation of Thompson's claims.

- Award-winning journalist, Sharyl Attkisson investigated the vaccine-autism link and compiled an extensive list of studies that show a vaccine-autism link.

(What the News Isn't Saying About Vaccine-Autism Studies – updated November 27, 2016). <https://sharylattkisson.com/what-the-news-isnt-saying-about-vaccine-autism-studies>

Attkisson concluded –

“The body of evidence on both sides is open to interpretation. People have every right to disbelieve the studies on one side. But it is disingenuous to pretend they do not exist.”

- Dr. Bernadine Healy, the former head of the National Institutes of Health, stated that the vaccine-autism link is not a “myth”. Dr. Healy disclosed that her colleagues at the Institute of Medicine did not wish to investigate the possible link between vaccines and autism because they feared the impact it would have on the vaccination program. This failure to fully investigate the vaccine-autism link is politics, not science.

There is an abundance of evidence that a vaccine-autism link exists. It is dishonest and irresponsible journalism to make the statement - *“scientists have debunked the only study that said there was a link between vaccinations and autism”*. This is clearly a false statement that needs to be retracted.

“Facts do not cease to exist because they are ignored.”
~ Aldous Huxley

Blaming the Anti-Vaxxers

Dr. Carpiano is also misguided when he blames the “anti-vaxxers” for the return of measles, whooping cough, and polio – *“easily preventable diseases, such as measles, whooping cough and polio, are making comeback because of the movement”*. Dr. Carpiano seems unaware that the return of these ‘not so easily preventable diseases’ is due to vaccine failure rather than a failure to vaccinate.

Polio: IPV (inactivated poliovirus vaccine) is not designed to prevent the transmission of poliovirus. Wild poliovirus has been non-existent in Canada for at least two decades. Even if wild poliovirus were to be re-imported by travel, vaccinating for polio with IPV cannot affect the safety of public spaces. The reduction of wild poliovirus is attributed to the use of the oral poliovirus vaccine (OPV). Despite being capable of preventing wild poliovirus transmission, the use of OPV was phased out long ago due to safety concerns.

Whooping cough: The acellular pertussis vaccine now in use in Canada replaced the whole cell pertussis vaccine in the late 1990s, which was followed by an unprecedented resurgence of whooping cough. The whole cell pertussis vaccine was also withdrawn due to safety concerns. An experiment with deliberate pertussis infection in primates revealed that the aP vaccine is not capable of preventing

colonization and transmission of B. pertussis. The FDA has issued a warning regarding this crucial finding.

Furthermore, the 2013 meeting of the Board of Scientific Counselors at the CDC revealed additional alarming data that pertussis variants (PRN-negative strains) currently circulating in Canada acquired a selective advantage to infect those who are up-to-date for their DTaP boosters, meaning that people who are up-to-date are more likely to be infected, and thus contagious, than people who are not vaccinated.

Measles: Measles research scientists have for a long time been aware of the “measles paradox.” The apparent paradox is that as measles immunization rates rise to high levels in a population, measles becomes a disease of immunized persons. Studies of measles outbreaks in Quebec, Canada attest that outbreaks of measles still happen, even when vaccination compliance is in the highest bracket (95-97% or even 99%). This is because even in high vaccine responders, vaccine-induced antibodies wane over time. Vaccine immunity does not equal life-long immunity acquired after natural exposure. It has been documented that vaccinated persons who develop breakthrough measles are contagious. In fact, two major measles outbreaks in 2011 (in Quebec, Canada, and in New York, NY) were re-imported by previously vaccinated individuals.

Effective Does Not Mean Safe

What Dr. Carpiano fails to acknowledge is the legitimate concern about the safety of the vaccination paradigm. A medical procedure can be effective and not safe. Thalidomide was effective for its intended purpose. It was not safe. If a product is not safe, it does not matter that it is effective. To imply that the only matter of scientific significance is the vaccine’s ability to reduce disease is deceptive and irresponsible.

While it is often stated that vaccination rarely leads to serious adverse events, unfortunately, this statement is not supported by science. A recent study done in Ontario, Canada, established that vaccination actually leads to an emergency room visit for 1 in 168 children following their 12-month vaccination appointment and for 1 in 730 children following their 18-month vaccination appointment.

When the risk of an adverse event requiring an ER visit after well-baby vaccinations is demonstrably so high, vaccination must remain a choice for parents, who may understandably be unwilling to assume this immediate risk in order to protect their children from diseases that are generally considered mild or that their children may never be exposed to.

Dr. Carpiano seems unaware that the vaccine industry has been forced to withdraw numerous vaccines over its history because of the significant harm these vaccines caused. The list includes: small pox, swine flu, whole cell DPT, MMR (Urabe strain), rotavirus (Rotashield), and oral polio vaccines (OPV), among others.

The major criticism of the vaccine industry is its systemic failure to conduct long-term clinical trials that scientifically prove the safety of the current vaccine program. The prestigious Institutes of Medicine (IOM) found that the safety of the current childhood vaccine schedule has never been proven in large, long-term clinical trials:

"The committee's review confirmed that research on immunization safety has mostly developed around studies examining potential associations between individual vaccines and single outcomes. Few studies have attempted more global assessment of entire sequence of immunizations or variations in the overall immunization schedule and categories of health outcomes, and none has squarely examined the issue of health outcomes and stakeholder concerns in quite the way that the committee was asked to do its statement of task. None has compared entirely unimmunized populations with those fully immunized for the health outcomes of concern to stakeholders."

<http://www.nvic.org/PDFs/IOM/2013researchgapsIOMchildhoodimmunizationschedulea.aspx>

Vaccines have not been tested for carcinogenicity - ability to cause cancer, toxicity - the degree to which a substance can damage an organism, genotoxicity - ability to damage genetic information, mutagenicity - ability to change the genetic material, impact on fertility, or for long-term adverse reactions.

The current vaccine schedule has never been tested for safety in the real world way in which the schedule is implemented. No independent trials confirm the safety of giving multiple vaccinations at once. Research shows a dose-dependent association between the number of vaccines administered simultaneously and hospitalization or death. No long-term clinical evidence exists that show vaccinated children have better overall health than unvaccinated children.

The absence of scientific evidence of vaccine safety leads one to conclude that vaccination is ideology rather than evidence-based medicine.

The Myth of Herd Immunity

The theory of 'herd immunity' is often used to justify imposing vaccines upon citizens against their will or consent. Dr. Carpiano fails to state that herd immunity is a theory based on natural immunity created by natural exposure. Natural immunity is life long. The immune response stimulated by vaccines is temporary, lasting a few years or even as short as a few months. There is insufficient evidence that herd immunity can ever be achieved with artificial immunization.

Dr. Carpiano also seems unaware that most vaccines are not designed to reduce the spread of disease, but rather to reduce the severity of symptoms should one get the disease. Vaccines for diphtheria, pertussis, injected polio, and influenza do not

prevent disease transmission. Therefore vaccination with these vaccines has no impact on the rate of infection or herd immunity. Tetanus is not contagious and therefore the rate of vaccination does not create herd immunity.

It is well established that recently vaccinated individuals can shed live and attenuated viruses up to six weeks post vaccination. Vaccinated individuals can also carry diseases yet remain asymptomatic, thereby unknowingly spread infectious diseases. Vaccines and vaccinated individuals are responsible for the spread of whooping cough, polio, influenza, measles, and mumps.

Disease outbreaks regularly occur in fully vaccinated populations. To imply that non-vaccinating individuals undermine herd immunity and contribute to disease outbreaks is marketing propaganda, not science. Creating the impression that non-vaccinated individuals are a risk to the community is dishonest and deceptive.

Overt Discrimination

What is most disconcerting is the overt discrimination that is promulgated by the medical industry and the media with regard to the medical decision of vaccination. The “suffering” that Dr. Carpiano has identified in his study is a direct result of the misinformation and distortion by the medical industry and the media about vaccine safety, effectiveness, and necessity.

Dr. Carpiano contributes to this discrimination with the design of his survey. I wonder how the results would have been different had Dr. Carpiano added a further example - explaining that a mother had vaccinated her child only to have her child experience a severe disability as a result. The mother has chosen not to subject her other children to this risk. Feeding the discrimination through study design is irresponsible and would not be acceptable in any other social arena.

Measles is a good example of the hysteria and fear mongering promulgated by the medical industry and a captured media. Measles is a benign illness in healthy and well-nourished children. In developed countries an individual is significantly more likely to die from the measles vaccine than from contracting measles. The media-induced hysteria and fear mongering is dishonest and does a disservice to the public.

This kind of distorted and biased journalism divides a community rather than providing valuable information to help the public make decisions about vaccinations. The medical industry, with the complicit support of the media, is promoting medical tyranny rather than informed consent.



In this fear-based scenario, the questioning voice of reason is drowned out amid the hysteria surrounding the emerging 'killer infections,' which are such a favorite media topic. The propagation of fear by the media and by its sources in the public health industry has resulted in a growth of power in this industry far beyond the usual checks and balances of our democracy."

~ Dr. Philip F. Incao MD

Use of the Term - Anti-Vaxxer

Finally, labeling individuals who express concern about vaccine safety, effectiveness, and necessity as “anti-vaxx” is dishonest and disrespectful. Most individuals who express concern about vaccine safety are parents who vaccinated their children, only to experience severe disability or death as a result of the vaccine.

The movement that is raising concerns about the safety of the current vaccine program is typically neither pro or anti vaccination. Rather this movement is characterized by a commitment to safeguarding the right of Canadians to make voluntary and informed decisions about health care, and demand independent and verifiable scientific evidence of the safety of the vaccine program. I would expect all journalists to support these efforts rather than undermine them.

Dr. Peter Doshi, Associate Editor for the **British Medical Journal**, makes the following statements about good journalism as pertains to vaccinations:

Good journalism on this topic will require abandoning current practices of avoiding interviewing, understanding, and presenting critical voices out of fear that expressing any criticism amounts to presenting a “false balance” that will result in health scares.

... if patients have concerns, doubts, or suspicions — for example, about the safety of vaccines, this does not mean they are “anti-vaccine.

... approaches that label anybody and everybody who raises questions about the right headedness of current vaccine policies as “anti-vaccine” fail on several accounts.

Firstly, they fail to accurately characterize the nature of the concern. Many parents of children with developmental disorders who question the role of vaccines had their children vaccinated.

Secondly, they lump all vaccines together as if the decision about risks and benefits is the same irrespective of disease — polio, pertussis, smallpox, mumps, diphtheria, hepatitis B, influenza, varicella, HPV, Japanese encephalitis — or vaccine type — live attenuated, inactivated whole cell, split virus, high dose, low dose, adjuvanted, monovalent, polyvalent, etc. This seems about as intelligent as categorizing people into “pro-drug” and “anti-drug” camps depending on whether they have ever voiced concern over the potential side effects of any drug.

Thirdly, . . . the label (or its derogatory derivative “anti-vaxxer”) is a form of attack. It stigmatizes the mere act of even asking an open question about what is known and unknown about the safety of vaccines.

Fourthly, the label too quickly assumes that there are “two sides” to every question, and that the “two sides” are polar opposites. This “you’re either with us or against us” thinking is unfit for medicine.

Many parents who deliberate on decisions regarding their children’s health ultimately make decisions — such as to vaccinate or not vaccinate — with lingering uncertainty about whether they were right. And among those uncertainties are the known and unknown side effects that each vaccine carries.

Contrary to the suggestion — generally implicit — that vaccines are risk free (and therefore why would anyone ever resist official recommendations), the reality is that officially sanctioned written medical information on vaccines is — just like drugs — filled with information about common, uncommon, and unconfirmed but possible harms.

Medical journalists have an obligation to the truth. . . . It’s time to listen—seriously and respectfully—to patients’ concerns, not demonize them.

We need the media to be honest brokers of medical information and work to safeguard and protect the rights and freedoms of Canadians including the right to informed consent and the charter rights to security of the person.

It is my expectation the Vancouver Courier, and any other publication that carried this article, will retract the dishonest and deceptive statements made by Dr. Carpiano and make a public correction. I look forward to your considered response.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Ted Kuntz". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Ted" being more prominent than the last name "Kuntz".

Ted Kuntz, Parent of a Vaccine Injured Child
Vice President, Vaccine Choice Canada

cc.

Alvin Brouwer, Publisher - Vancouver Courier
abrouwer@glaciermedia.ca

Martha Perkins, Editor in Chief
mperkins@vancourier.com

Dr. Carpiano
richard.carpiano@ubc.ca

Vaccine Choice Canada